

the emotionality of a machine

*for oboe, clarinet in B-flat, bassoon, harp, viola, and cello
transposed score*

Maxie Lawrence Soja

2024

the emotionality of a machine

Program Notes:

Pressure leads to insult and injury which leads to perfectionism which leads to stagnation which leads to pressure: *the art of never changing*.

the emotionality of a machine follows a cycle of headspaces not dissimilar to that of the five stages of grief. However, instead of those emotions (denial, anger, bargaining, depression, and acceptance), this piece explores the development and experience of stagnation, specifically in terms of healing from severe mental illness and psychological trauma. Each section of this piece crafts a soundscape that is intended to signal the stages of this dreadful cycle- always rushing forward but finding yourself further away than where you started, always climbing the stairs but finding yourself at the bottom, always coming full circle to the fact that you've never even changed. The cycle that this piece conveys is that of perfectionism and feeling like nothing but a machine in every single aspect of one's life, including that of empathy, apathy, and emotional connection.

This work was composed in collaboration with the Mostly Modern Festival, specifically for the American Modern Ensemble, in the Summer of 2024.

Performance Notes:

Slur markings indicate notes taken under one bow or initial tongue for strings and woodwinds/brass respectively. For harp, slur markings simply show legato movement and phrasing of a specific phrase.

Accents indicate a strongly attacked note, not unlike how a fortepiano works. The accented notes should be performed louder than the current dynamic marking, but only by slightly.

Tenutos indicated notes that should be performed with a heaviness to them. These notes must be held for the full duration.

Staccatos indicate notes that are performed shortly. These notes have a similar attack to that of an accent, but less so and held for a shorter amount of time.

Unarticulated notes typically indicate a note that should be rebowed or retongued without an accent. This rebowing and retonguing allows for a slight separation of the notes.

Commas, or breath markings (*indicated by the use of a comma: ,*) indicate the recommended spot in a cluttered passage that a performer should cut a note short to take a breath. These should be taken as recommendations, especially if a player finds another spot to breathe more comfortably.

I.v., or *let vibrate*, usually is notated above a notehead that has an unfulfilled tie connecting it to the next measure, containing rests. This marking, seen in the harp part, means the note or phrase underneath should not be muted after the duration of said notes has passed, but rather let to ring out until dying or until the next time notes must be performed on said instrument.

pizz. indicates the plucking of strings with the fingers and nails rather than normal bowing.

arco indicates the return to bowing the strings as normal.

HARP

The Harp part in this score is written enharmonically. In the individual Harp part, it is written technically for how the pedals should be placed down. Please view the technical full score for the Harp to reflect technicality instead of harmonic semblance.

THIS SCORE USES FRENCH SCORING.

Duration: approx. 6'00' minutes

Premiered June 2024

*Composed in Collaboration with the Mostly Modern Festival
Performed by the American Modern Ensemble*

TRANSPOSED SCORE
6'00' minutes

the emotionality of a machine

for oboe, clarinet in B \flat , bassoon, harp, viola, and cello

1

M. L. Soja
Op. 23

Larghetto, $\text{♩} = 63$

Music score for six instruments: Oboe, Clarinet in B \flat , Bassoon, Harp, Viola, and Violoncello. The score is in common time. The Oboe and Clarinet parts begin with sustained notes. The Bassoon and Harp parts enter later, with the Harp playing a melodic line labeled "D C B / E F G A". The Viola and Cello parts remain silent throughout. Measure numbers 1 through 6 are present above the staves.

Music score for six instruments: Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Bn.), Harp (Hp.), Viola (Va.), and Violoncello (Vc.). The score continues from measure 7. The Oboe and Clarinet play eighth-note patterns. The Bassoon and Harp provide harmonic support. The Viola and Cello play sustained notes. Measure numbers 7 through 12 are present above the staves. Dynamic markings include p (piano), mf (mezzo-forte), and "senza vibrato" (without vibrato).

11

Ob. *mf*

Cl. *#*

Bn. *mf* *p*

H.p. *mf*

Va. *mf* *senza vibrato*

Vc. *mf* *p*

16

Cl. *#*

Bn. *#*

H.p.

Vi. *#*

Vc. *#*

20 A

Ob. *brightly, with new energy*
 Cl. *con moto*
 Bn. *brightly, with new energy*
 Hp. *mf con moto*
brightly, with new energy

Va. A
 Vc. *con poco vibrato*
brightly, with new energy
mf con moto

24

Ob. *mp* *f*

Cl. *mp*
 Bn. *cresc.*
mp *awkwardly, less movement* *cresc.*

Hp. *mp*

Va. *con poco vibrato*
mp *awkwardly, less movement* *cresc.*

Vc. *mp* *awkwardly, less movement* *cresc.*

29

Ob. *f*

Cl. *poco dim*

Bn. *b*

Hp. *f*

Va. *f*

Vc. *poco dim*

mp

mp

mp

This musical score page contains two staves of music. The top staff includes parts for Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Bn.), and Horn (Hp.). The bottom staff includes parts for Violin (Va.) and Cello/Bass (Vc.). Measure 29 begins with dynamic *f* for Ob., Cl., and Hp., followed by *poco dim* and *mp*. Measure 30 continues with *mp* for all instruments. Measure 31 starts with *f* for Va. and Vc., followed by *poco dim* and *mp*.

34

Ob. *pp*

Cl. *f*

Bn. *mp*

Hp. *mp*

Va. *f*

Vc. *mp*

This musical score page contains two staves of music. The top staff includes parts for Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Bn.), and Horn (Hp.). The bottom staff includes parts for Violin (Va.) and Cello/Bass (Vc.). Measure 34 begins with dynamic *pp* for Ob. and *f* for Cl. and Hp. Measure 35 begins with *mp* for Bn., followed by *mp* for Hp. Measure 36 begins with *f* for Va. and *mp* for Vc.

39 **B Andante, ♩ = 80**

Ob. *p*

Cl. *p* *f*

Bn. *p*

Hp. *pp* *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6

Va. *p*

Vc. *p* *mf*

B Andante, ♩ = 80

Va. *p*

Vc. *p* *mf*

A large red diagonal watermark "TOPICAL PURPOSE ONLY" is visible across the page.

41

Ob. *mf*

Cl. *n* *n* 3 *f*

Bn. *mf*

Hp. *pp* *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6 *p* 3 6

Va. *p*

Vc. *p*

A large red diagonal watermark "TOPICAL PURPOSE ONLY" is visible across the page.

43

Ob. *mf*

Cl. *n* *mf*

Bn. *mf*

H.p.

H.p.

45

Cl. *mf*

Bn. *mf dolce e cantabile* *3*

H.p. *mf*

H.p.

Va. *normal vibrato* *mf* *normal vibrato*

Vc. *mf* *3*

47

Cl. *dolce e cantabile*

Bn.

Hpt. *sim phrasing*

Va.

Vc. *stable and grounded*

stable and grounded

49

Ob. *mf dolce e cantabile*

Cl.

Bn.

Hpt.

Va.

Vc. *stable and grounded*

51

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hpr. Va. Vc.

53

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hpr. Va. Vc.

56 **C** **Meno mosso,** $\text{♩} = 76$

Ob. *something is wrong*
Cl. *something is wrong*
Hp. *something is wrong*
Va. *something is wrong*
Vc. *something is wrong*

Ob. *fp* *mp* *mp*
Cl. *#f* *mp*
Hp. *mp*
Va. *fp* *mp*
Vc. *p*

60

Ob. *p* *p* *p*
Bn. *p* *p* *p*
Hp. *mp*
Va. *p* *p* *p*
Vc. *p* *p* *p*

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10
63

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hp. Va. Vc.

p *mp* *p*

66

D **Più mosso**, $\text{♩} = 88$

Ob. Cl. Hp. Va. Vc.

mp *misterioso* *mp* *misterioso*

D **Più mosso**, $\text{♩} = 88$

mp *misterioso*

mp *n*

70

Ob.

Cl.

Hp. *sim articulation*

Va.

Vc. *misterioso e menaciously*

mp *misterioso e menaciously*

This musical score page contains five staves of music for orchestra and choir. Measure 70 starts with a rest for the oboe, followed by eighth-note patterns on the oboe and clarinet. The bassoon staff has dynamic markings *mp* and *sim articulation*. Measures 71-72 show sustained notes on the strings (double bass and cello) with dynamic markings *mp* and *(b) p*. Measure 73 continues with sustained notes on the strings, with dynamic markings *p* and *p*.

74

Ob.

Cl.

Bn. *mp*

Hp. *mp*

Va.

Vc. *mp*

This musical score page contains five staves of music for orchestra and choir. Measure 74 shows eighth-note patterns on the oboe and clarinet. The bassoon staff has a dynamic marking *mp*. Measures 75-76 show sustained notes on the strings (double bass and cello) with dynamic markings *mp* and *p*. Measure 77 continues with sustained notes on the strings, with dynamic markings *p* and *p*.

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12
78

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hpt. Va. Vc.

This musical score page contains six staves for woodwind and brass instruments. The first three staves (Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) play sustained notes with grace notes. The fourth staff (Horn) plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs. The fifth staff (Violin) has sustained notes with grace notes. The sixth staff (Cello) has sustained notes with grace notes. Measure numbers 12 and 78 are at the top left, and a large red diagonal watermark reading "FOR PRACTICE ONLY" is across the page.

81

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hpt. Va. Vc.

This musical score page contains six staves for woodwind and brass instruments. The first three staves (Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) play sustained notes with grace notes. The fourth staff (Horn) plays a rhythmic pattern of eighth-note pairs. The fifth staff (Violin) has sustained notes with grace notes. The sixth staff (Cello) has sustained notes with grace notes. Measure number 81 is at the top left, and a large red diagonal watermark reading "FOR PRACTICE ONLY" is across the page.

84

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hp. Va. Vc.

88

E A tempo (Larghetto), $\text{♩} = 63$

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hp. Va. Vc.

E A tempo (Larghetto), $\text{♩} = 63$

92

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hp. Va. Vc.

rall. *continuously getting slower, evaporating*

p *continuously getting slower, evaporating*

mf

96

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hp. Va. Vc.

rall. *continuously getting slower, evaporating*

p *continuously getting slower, evaporating*

p

mf

rall. *continuously getting slower, evaporating*

mf

100

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hp. Va. Vc.

continuously getting slower, evaporating

p **pp**

This musical score page contains six staves for woodwind and brass instruments. The first three staves (Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon) are in treble clef, while the last three (Horn, Violin, Cello) are in bass clef. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). Measure 100 starts with eighth-note patterns followed by sustained notes. Measure 101 continues with similar patterns. Measures 102 and 103 feature sustained notes with grace notes above them. Dynamic markings 'p' and 'pp' are present. A red diagonal watermark 'TOP SECRET USA PURCHASES ONLY' is overlaid across the page.

104

Ob. Cl. Bn. Hp. Va. Vc.

pp **pp** **pp**

This musical score page contains six staves for woodwind and brass instruments. The instrumentation remains the same: Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Horn, Violin, and Cello. The key signature changes to F major (one sharp). Measure 104 has sustained notes. Measure 105 features sustained notes with grace notes above them. Measures 106 and 107 continue with sustained notes. Dynamic markings 'pp' are present. A red diagonal watermark 'TOP SECRET USA PURCHASES ONLY' is overlaid across the page.